



# WI State Standards:

## **Animal Athletes (K3-1)**

SCI.LS1.A.1: All organisms have external parts that they use to perform daily functions.

## **Super Senses (K3-2)**

SCI.LS1.D.1: Animals sense and communicate information and respond to inputs with behaviors that help them grow and survive.

## **Critter Covers (K5-2)**

SCI.LS3.A.1: Young organisms are very much, but not exactly, like their parents, and also resemble other organisms of the same kind.

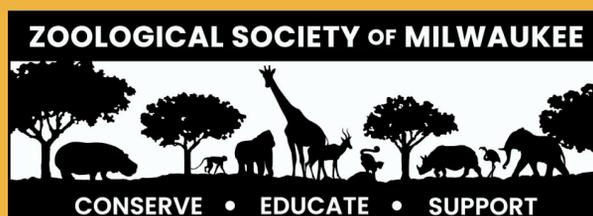
SCI.LS3.B.1: Individuals of the same kind of plant or animal are recognizable as similar, but can also vary in many ways.

## **Jaws, Claws, and Paws (3-5)**

SCI.LS4.A.3: Particular organisms can only survive in particular environments.

## **Animal Adaptations Lab (3-5)**

SCI.LS4.D.3: Populations of organisms live in a variety of habitats. Change in those habitats affects the organisms living there.





# NGSS Standards:

## Animal Athletes (K3-1)

LS1.A: Structure and Function | All organisms have external parts. Different animals use their body parts in different ways to see, hear, grasp objects, protect themselves, move from place to place, and seek, find, and take in food, water and air. Plants also have different parts (roots, stems, leaves, flowers, fruits) that help them survive and grow.

## Super Senses (K3-2)

LS1.D: Information Processing | Animals have body parts that capture and convey different kinds of information needed for growth and survival. Animals respond to these inputs with behaviors that help them survive. Plants also respond to some external inputs.

## Critter Covers (K5-2)

LS3.A: Inheritance of Traits | Young animals are very much, but not exactly like, their parents. Plants also are very much, but not exactly, like their parents.

LS3.B: Variation of Traits | Individuals of the same kind of plant or animal are recognizable as similar but can also vary in many ways.

## Jaws, Claws, and Paws (3-5)

NGSS 3-LS4-2: Use evidence to construct an explanation for how the variations in characteristics among individuals of the same species may provide advantages in surviving, finding mates, and reproducing.

## Animal Adaptations Lab (3-5)

LS4.C: Adaptation | For any particular environment, some kinds of organisms survive well, some survive less well, and some cannot survive at all. (3-LS4-3)